For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Regulatory Basis Financial Statement and Independent Auditors' Report with Regulatory-Required Supplemental Information

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# Díehl Banwart Bolton

Certified Public Accountants PA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of McCune, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Unencumbered Cash, Regulatory Basis, of the City of McCune, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statement.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1 to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Kansas. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City of McCune, Kansas to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraphs, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of McCune, Kansas as of December 31, 2017 or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

**Unqualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting** 

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance for the City of McCune, Kansas as of December 31, 2017, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide described in Note 1.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Unencumbered Cash Balance, Regulatory Basis (basic financial statement) as a whole. The Summary of Expenditures — Actual and Budget, Regulatory Basis and individual fund Schedules of Receipts and Expenditures — Actual and Budget, Regulatory Basis (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and although it is not a required part of the basic financial statement, the information is required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### **Prior Year Comparative Numbers**

The 2016 actual column presented in the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances and the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures actual and budget (the financial statement and Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents), are also presented for comparative analysis and was not a required part of the 2016 financial statement upon which we rendered an unqualified opinion dated June 26, 2017. The 2016 financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link http://admin.ks.gov/offices/chief-financial-officer/municipal-services. Such 2016 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2016 basic financial statement. The 2016 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2016 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2016 basic financial statement or to the 2016 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the 2016 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2016 basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

DEHL, BANWART, BOLTON, CPAS PA

June 25, 2018 Fort Scott, Kansas

Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Unencumbered Cash Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	1	Beginning					1	Ending	Add E	Add Encumbrances		Cash Balance
,	5	Ouellcullbered					Ē	Unencumpered	anc	and Accounts	ם	December 31,
Funds	ΰ	Cash Balance		Receipts	Ή	Expenditures	చ	Cash Balance		Payable		2017
General Fund	649	73,075.22	€⁄-)	219,817.71	↔	262,846.51	∽	30,046.42	S	1,591.23	S	31,637.65
Special Purpose Funds:												
Special Streets		12,031.25		12,386.60		12,000.00		12,417.85		ı		12,417.85
Business Funds:												
Water Utility		25,556.54		101,887.47		94,437.31		33,006.70		3,514.80		36,521.50
Water & Sewer Bond & Interest		11,441.25		19,040.76		19,040.76		11,441.25				11,441.25
Water Reserve		20,569.67		ı		ı		20,569.67		ı		20,569.67
Sewer Utility		7,503.11		46,430.22		42,997.61		10,935.72		1,572.33		12,508.05
Trash Collection Utility		6,007.65		34,049.56		31,103.53		8,953.68		2,403.94		11,357.62
Total Reporting Entity	€>	156,184.69	↔	433,612.32	↔	462,425.72	↔	\$ 127,371.29	<del>∽</del>	9,082.30	↔	\$ 136,453.59

	\$ 104,287.77		11,743.73	20,022.09	400.00		\$ 136,453.59
Composition of Cash	Checking accounts-Unreserved	Checking accounts-Water Reserve	Certificates of Deposit	Certificates of Deposit-Water Reserve	Petty Cash and Cash on hand	-	Total Reporting Entity

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statement of the City of McCune, Kansas, has been prepared in accordance with the State of Kansas regulatory basis of accounting for Kansas Municipalities, and is designed to show compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas. The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG), as approved by the director of the Kansas Division of Accounts and Reports, establishes the guidelines for the regulatory basis of accounting in the state of Kansas.

# Reporting Entity

The City of McCune, Kansas is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member City Council. This financial statement represents the City of McCune, Kansas, (the primary government) and its related entity. Related municipal entities may be included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

There are no separate entities related to the City which should be accounted for in the City's financial statement.

# Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restriction, or limitations.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the City of McCune:

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>General Fund</u> – the chief operating fund used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purposes Funds</u> – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific revenue sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

<u>Business Funds</u> – funds financed in whole or part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service funds, etc.).

# 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departures from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

The KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis revenues and regulatory basis expenditures for the year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

### **Budgetary Information**

Kansas Statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, reserve funds and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. As stated in Note 8, the General Fund was amended this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the Regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and the expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year-end.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

A legal operating budget is not required for capital projects funds and fiduciary permanent funds.

Spending in funds, which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement, are controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

### Compensated Absences

The City's two full-time employees that work over 35 hours a week earn and accumulate vacation leave from 5 to 20 days a year based on the number of years of service with the City. Vacation should be used in the year earned but may be accumulated and carried over to the next year with the approval of the mayor. Vacation is paid upon termination solely at the discretion of the City Council.

The City's two full-time employees earn and accumulate personal leave from the beginning of employment at the rate of one day per month worked. Personal leave may be accumulated up to 240 hours. Personal leave is lost upon termination of employment.

The City accrues a liability for compensated absence which meet the following criteria:

- 1. The City's obligation relating to employees rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employees' services already rendered.
- 2. The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- 3. Payment of the compensation is probable.
- 4. The amount can be reasonably estimated and is material.

In accordance with the above criteria, the City has not accrued a liability for personal leave or vacation pay, which has been earned but not taken by City employees, since the accrued pay is not payable upon termination.

### Pension Plan

Substantially all full-time City employees are members of the State of Kansas Public Employees Retirement System, which is a multi-employer statewide pension plan. The City's policy is to fund all pension costs incurred. Such costs to be funded are actuarially determined annually by the State.

# Termination and Post Employment Benefits

No termination benefits are provided to City employees when employment with the City ends except as required by Federal or State law.

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the local government is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in these financial statements

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the government makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured. There is no cost to the City under this program.

# 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

### **Property Taxes**

In accordance with governing state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are a lien on the property.

# 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# Compliance With Revenue Bond Covenants

The bond ordinance to issue \$300,000, Series 1990 Water System Revenue Bonds, contains the following requirements:

The bond ordinance requires the City to fix and establish water rates sufficient to produce a net income after the payment of the operation and maintenance expenses, including depreciation, in an amount equal to 110% of the current year principal and interest requirements of all outstanding water revenue bonds.

Current Year Revenue Debt Service	<u>\$ 19,040.00</u>
Net Income Required	\$ 20,944.84
Water Utility Fund Total Receipts Operating Expenses	\$ 101,887.47 (75,396.55)
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 26,490.92

The City is required to maintain certain reserve funds as follows:

	REQUIRED AMOUNT	ACTUAL AMOUNT
Principal and Interest Account for the Water System Revenue Bonds - requires transfers monthly of 1/12 of the next maturing principal and 1/6 of the next interest payment.	\$ 11,079.25	\$ 11,441.25
Reserve Account for the Water System Revenue Bonds - Requires monthly transfers of \$161, until a maximum of \$19,314 is reached.	19,314.00	20,569.67

# 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

# Compliance With Kansas Statutes

This financial statement and the regulatory-required supplementary information is designed to show compliance with Kansas Statutes. It appears the City was in apparent compliance with these Kansas Statutes.

# 3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS</u>

The Statutes of the State of Kansas allow Kansas municipalities to invest in savings accounts, certificates of deposit and United States Treasury Obligations. As of and during the year ended December 31, 2017, the City's funds were invested in an interest bearing money market checking account and certificates of deposit, which are acceptable investments in accordance with Kansas statutes.

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The rating of the City's investments is noted above.

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%.

At December 31, 2017 the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$136,453.59 and the bank balance was \$139,017.98. The bank balance was held mainly in one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

# 4. PENSION PLAN

# General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publically available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

# 4. **PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1 and KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1.0% contribution rate for Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.46% for the year ended December 31, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$5,872.18 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

# Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2017, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$55,389. The total net pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was \$9,218,629,062. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and nonemployer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in these financial statements.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

# 5. <u>CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK - MAJOR SUPPLIERS</u>

The City purchases water for resale from one major supplier. In 2017, the cost of water purchased was \$46,575.60.

The City uses one major supplier for trash collection services. In 2016, the cost of the trash collection services was \$29,345.01.

# 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, employees' health and life, and natural disasters. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

# 7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers were as follows:

		Statutory	
From	To	Authority	Amount
Water Utility	Water Bond & Interest	K.S.A. 12-825d	\$ 19,040.76

# 8. BUDGET AMENDMENTS

The General Fund budget was amended during the year as follows:

J	Original	Amended
General Fund	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>
Receipts		
Taxes	\$ 87,861	\$ 87,515
Intergovernmental	78,000	80,580
Other	7,000	31,050
Total Receipts	172,861	199,145
Unencumbered Cash, January 1	45,639	73,075
Resources Available	\$ 218,500	\$ 272,220
Expenditures		
General Government	\$ 161,000	\$ 169,320
Cemetery	12,000	12,000
Sales Taxes Paid	500	500
Streets	40,000	70,000
Demolitions	5,000	5,000
Capital Outlays	_	13,650
Debt Service on Capital Leases		1,680
Total Expenditures	\$ 218,500	\$ 272,150

# 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to December 31, 2017 through June 25, 2018, the date the financial statements were available for issue. During this period, there were no subsequent events requiring recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

# 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following pages provide details regarding the City's Long-Term obligations including activity for the year and future maturities.

# 10. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

				Date of	Balances		Reductions /		
	Interest	Date of	Amount of	Final	Beginning	Additions /	Principal	Balances	Interest
Issue	Rates	Issue	Issue	Maturity	of Year	New Debt	Paid	End of Year	Paid
Revenue Bonds									
Series 1990	5.75%	3/28/1990	\$ 300,000	3/28/2030	\$ 182,500	<b>.</b>	\$ 8,800	\$ 173,700	\$ 10,241
Total General Obligation Bonds	oligation Bon	spı			182,500	1	8,800	173,700	10,241
Revolving Loans									
State of Kansas	3.49%	3/1/2001	450,527	9/1/2020	115,391	1	27,368	88,022	3,790
Total Revolving Loans	Loans				115,391	1	27,368	88,022	3,790
Capital Lease Purchase Aoreements	ase Aoreeme	ş							
Grasshopper	3.09%	7/25/2017	13,650	8/20/2020	ı	13,650	1,420	12,230	175
Total Revolving Loans	Loans				I	13,650	1,420	12,230	175
Total Long Term Obligations	oligations				\$ 297,891	\$ 13,650	\$ 37,588	\$ 273,953	\$ 14,206

# 10. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023 2027		2028 2032		Totals
PRINCIPAL Revenue Bonds Series 1990	- ∽	9,300	∞	6,900	- ↔	10,400	€	11,000	€	11,700	-	69.200	-	52,200	- 5	173,700
Totals		9,300		9,900		10,400		11,000		11,700		69,200		52,200		173,700
Revolving Loans KWPCRL		28,332		29,329		30,362		ı		•		1		1		88,022
Totals		28,332		29,329		30,362		ı				ı		,		88,022
Capital Lease Purchase Agreements Grasshopper 4,469	chase	e Agreemer 4,469	nts	4,609		3,153		I		1		1		1		12,230
Totals		4,469		4,609		3,153		ı		1		ı		ı		12,230
Total Principal	<del>60</del>	42,101	↔	43,838	8	43,914	\$	11,000	↔	11,700	↔	69,200	<del>∨</del>	52,200	↔	273,953
INTEREST Revenue Bonds Series 1990	<del>⇔</del>	9.720	€4	9.168	, <del>S</del>	8.585	<del>6</del> 2	7.970	<del>6</del>	7.317	€	25.398	€2	4.635	<del>∨</del> 3	72.792
Totals		9,720	1 1	9,168		8,585	.	7,970		7,317	-	25,398	.	4,635	-	72,792
Revolving Loans KWPCRL		2,827		1,830		797		1		ı		,		1		5,453
Totals		2,827		1,830		797		,		ı.		1		1		5,453
Capital Lease Purchase Agreements Grasshopper 4,469	chase	Agreemen 4,469	nts	4,609		3,153				ı		ſ		1		12,230
Totals .		4,469		4,609		3,153		1		1		ı				12,230
Total Interest	<del>60</del>	17,016	<b>↔</b> ∥	15,607	<del>⊗</del>	12,534	↔	7,970	↔	7,317	↔	25,398	↔	4,635	↔	90,476

# REGULATORY-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

			Adju	Adjustment for		Total	Ê	Expenditures	Va	Variance -
		Certified	ō∕	Qualifying	mind	Budget for	C	Chargeable to		Over
Funds		Budget	Budg	Budget Credits	Ö	Comparison	<u>つ</u>	Surrent Year	כ	Under)
General Fund	S	272,150.00	S	6,794.28	S	278,944.28	S	262,846.51	S	(16,097.77)
Special Purpose Funds:										
Special Streets		12,000.00		1		12,000.00		12,000.00		1
Business Funds:										
Water Utility		125,000.00		i		125,000.00		94,437.31		(30,562.69)
Water and Sewer Bond and Interest		19,041.00		ı		19,041.00		19,040.76		(0.24)
Sewer Utility		51,158.00		•		51,158.00		42,997.61		(8,160.39)
Trash Collection Utility		36,000.00		1		36,000.00		31,103.53		(4,896.47)
Total Primary Government	<del>∽</del>	515,349.00	S	6,794.28	↔	522,143.28	S	462,425.72		

# CITY OF MCCUNE, KANSAS GENERAL FUND

# Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	tual / Milouito 101	 X 000 2011 00 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		00101,2010	7	Variance -
	2016	2017		2017		Over
	Actual	Actual		Budget		(Under)
Cash Receipts		 				(Oligor)
Taxes						
Ad valorem property tax	\$70,868.02	\$ 70,016.54	\$	70,263.00	\$	(246.46)
Delinquent	5,218.04	5,965.05		2,800.00		3,165.05
Motor vehicle	17,773.92	18,237.64		14,452.00		3,785.64
Special assessments	, -	510.00		· •		510.00
Intergovernmental						
Sales tax	59,966.74	62,505.97		63,000.00		(494.03)
Sales tax from sales by the City	412.07	385.99		500.00		(114.01)
Utility franchise taxes	16,541.42	18,391.14		17,000.00		1,391.14
Local alcohol liquor tax	80.92			80.00		(80.00)
Other Receipts						()
Proceeds from lease purchase	_	13,650.00		13,650.00		-
Interest	825.07	666.15		800.00		(133.85)
Cemetery sales	5,075.00	7,550.00		3,000.00		4,550.00
Osage township	6,050.00	4,872.68		5,800.00		(927.32)
Donation	8,481.96	6,680.88		1,800.00		4,880.88
Other	2,239.17	3,591.39		6,000.00		(2,408.61)
Reimbursed expenses	1,867.00	6,794.28				6,794.28
Total Cash Receipts	105 200 22	210 917 71	¢.	100 145 00	Φ.	20 672 71
Total Cash Receipts	195,399.33	219,817.71	\$	199,145.00	\$	20,672.71
Expenditures						
General Government	164,554.13	187,613.75	\$	169,320.00	\$	18,293.75
Cemetery	14,183.80	5,040.22		12,000.00		(6,959.78)
Sales taxes paid	433.86	398.50		500.00		(101.50)
Streets	30,000.00	52,464.44		70,000.00		(17,535.56)
Demolitions	-	2,085.00		5,000.00		(2,915.00)
Capital outlays	-	13,650.00		13,650.00		-
Debt Service on Capital leases	-	1,594.60		1,680.00		(85.40)
Subtotal				272,150.00		` ,
Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Cred	dits			•		
Reimbursed expenses	-	_		6,794.28		(6,794.28)
Total Expenditures	209,171.79	 262,846.51	\$	278,944.28	\$	(16,097.77)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(13,772.46)	(43,028.80)				
Unanaumhanad Cash Desires	97 947 79	72 075 00				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	86,847.68	 73,075.22				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$73,075.22	\$ 30,046.42				

# CITY OF MCCUNE, KANSAS SPECIAL STREETS FUND

# Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2016 Actual	2017 Actual		2017 Budget		ariance - Over Under)
Cash Receipts	 1 10 00001	 110000		Duagot		Olidoi)
Intergovernmental						
Gasoline tax from the State	\$ 10,732.79	\$ 10,785.22	\$	10,510.00	\$	275.22
Gasoline tax from the County	1,441.94	1,431.38		1,310.00		121.38
Other Receipts	2 007 10	.=0.00				
Miscellaneous	 3,885.48	 170.00		-		170.00
Total Cash Receipts	 16,060.21	 12,386.60	\$	11,820.00	\$	566.60
Expenditures						
Public Streets Commodities	23,000.00	12,000.00	\$	12,000.00	\$	
Commodities	 23,000.00	 12,000.00	Ψ	12,000.00	ф	
Total Expenditures	23,000.00	 12,000.00	\$	12,000.00	\$	-
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,939.79)	386.60				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 18,971.04	12,031.25				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 12,031.25	\$ 12,417.85				

# CITY OF MCCUNE, KANSAS WATER UTILITY FUND

# Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2016 Actual		2017 Actual		2017 Budget		Variance - Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts		,						
Operating Revenues								
Water sales	\$	106,507.52	\$	101,887.47	\$	117,000.00	\$	(15,112.53)
Other Receipts								
Interest		-		-		_		-
Nonoperating Revenues								
Other miscellaneous		301.71						<u></u>
Total Cash Receipts		106,809.23		101,887.47	\$	117,000.00	\$	(15,112.53)
Expenditures Operating Expenditures		92 709 00		75 207 55	ф	100 000 00	Φ	(04 (02 45)
Operating Expenditures Capital outlay		82,708.90		75,396.55	\$	100,000.00	\$	(24,603.45)
Operating Transfers to Water and		-		_		5,000.00		(5,000.00)
Sewer Bond and Interest		19,032.00		19,040.76		20,000.00		(959.24)
Total Expenditures		101,740.90		94,437.31	\$	125,000.00	\$	(30,562.69)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		5,068.33		7,450.16				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		20,488.21		25,556.54				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	25,556.54		33,006.70				

# CITY OF MCCUNE, KANSAS WATER AND SEWER BOND AND INTEREST FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2016 Actual		2017 Actual		2017 Budget		Variance - Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Operating Transfers from Water Utility Fund	\$	19,032.00	\$	19,040.76	\$	20,000.00	\$	(959.24)
Total Cash Receipts		19,032.00		19,040.76	\$	20,000.00	\$	(959.24)
Expenditures	D 1							÷
Debt Service on General Obligation Principal	Bonds	8,300.00		8,800.00	\$	8,800.00	\$	
Interest	•	10,732.00		10,240.76	ф	10,241.00	<b></b>	(0.24)
Total Expenditures		19,032.00		19,040.76	\$	19,041.00	\$	(0.24)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		-						
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		11,441.25		11,441.25				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	11,441.25	\$	11,441.25				

# CITY OF MCCUNE, KANSAS WATER RESERVE FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual Regulatory Basis

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	2016 Actual	2017 Actual			
Cash Receipts					
Other Receipts					
Interest	\$ 22.09				
Total Cash Receipts	 22.09		-		
Expenditures					
Operating Expenditures	-		_		
Debt Service	 -				
Total Expenditures	 		<b>"</b>		
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	22.09		-		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 20,547.58		20,569.67		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 20,569.67	\$	20,569.67		

# CITY OF MCCUNE, KANSAS SEWER UTILITY FUND

# Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2016 Actual		2017 Actual		2017 Budget		Variance - Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts Operating Revenues Sewer service charges Other Receipts Miscellaneous	\$	47,102.59	\$	46,430.22	\$	49,000.00	\$	(2,569.78)
Total Cash Receipts		47,102.59		46,430.22	\$	49,000.00	\$	(2,569.78)
Expenditures Operating Expenditures Capital outlay Debt Service on Revolving Loan		7,601.21 - 31,158.62		10,599.79 1,239.20 31,158.62	\$	10,000.00 10,000.00 31,158.00	\$	599.79 (8,760.80) 0.62
Total Expenditures		38,759.83		42,997.61	_\$	51,158.00	\$	(8,160.39)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		8,342.76		3,432.61				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		(839.65)		7,503.11				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	7,503.11	\$	10,935.72				

# CITY OF MCCUNE, KANSAS TRASH COLLECTION UTILITY FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2016 Actual		2017 Actual		2017 Budget		Variance - Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts Operating Revenues								
Service charges	_\$	33,978.96	\$	34,049.56	\$	35,000.00	\$	(950.44)
Total Cash Receipts		33,978.96		34,049.56	\$	35,000.00	\$	(950.44)
Expenditures Operating Expenditures Capital outlay		29,025.02		31,103.53	\$	36,000.00	\$	(4,896.47)
Total Expenditures		29,025.02		31,103.53	\$	36,000.00	\$	(4,896.47)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		4,953.94		2,946.03				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		1,053.71		6,007.65				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	6,007.65	\$	8,953.68				